

ERRATA

PETER J. CHEN, One-dimensional shock waves in inhomogeneous elastic materials. *Int. J. Solids Struct.* 8, 409–414 (1972).

In equation (3.3)

$$2\rho_R U \frac{dU}{dt} = -U^2 \frac{d\rho_R}{dt} + \frac{(E^- - \rho_R U^2)}{[\varepsilon]} \frac{d[\varepsilon]}{dt} + \frac{[E]}{[\varepsilon]} \frac{d\varepsilon^+}{dt} - \frac{U}{[\varepsilon]} \left[\frac{\partial \hat{T}}{\partial X} \right]$$

should read

$$2\rho_R U \frac{dU}{dt} = -U^2 \frac{d\rho_R}{dt} + \frac{(E^- - \rho_R U^2)}{[\varepsilon]} \frac{d[\varepsilon]}{dt} + \frac{[E]}{[\varepsilon]} \frac{d\varepsilon^+}{dt} + \frac{U}{[\varepsilon]} \left[\frac{\partial \hat{T}}{\partial X} \right].$$

In equation (3.6)

$$\lambda = -\frac{1}{2(E^- - \rho_R U^2)} \left\{ [E] \left\{ \frac{\dot{\varepsilon}^+}{U} + 3 \left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial X} \right)^+ \right\} - \left[\frac{\partial \hat{T}}{\partial X} \right] + [\varepsilon] U \frac{d\rho_R}{dt} \right\}$$

should read

$$\lambda = -\frac{1}{2(E^- - \rho_R U^2)} \left\{ [E] \left\{ \frac{\dot{\varepsilon}^+}{U} + 3 \left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial X} \right)^+ \right\} + 3 \left[\frac{\partial \hat{T}}{\partial X} \right] - [\varepsilon] U \frac{d\rho_R}{dt} \right\}.$$